and processes. "Advanced research," advanced technology development that creates new technology or demonstrates the viability of applying existing technology to new products and processes in a general way, is most closely analogous to precommercialization or precompetitive technology development in the commercial sector (it does not include development of military systems and hardware where specific requirements have been defined).

Small award. An award not exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold fixed at 41 U.S.C. 403(11) (currently \$100,000).

Small business concern. A concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it has applied for an award, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standards in 13 CFR part 121. For more details, grants officers should see 48 CFR part 19 in the "Federal Acquisition Regulation."

Subaward. Financial assistance in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, provided under an award by a recipient to an eligible subrecipient or by a subrecipient to a lower tier subrecipient. The term includes financial assistance when provided by any legal agreement, even if the agreement is called a contract, but the term includes neither procurement of goods and services nor any form of assistance which is excluded from the definition of "award" in this section.

Subrecipient. The legal entity to which a subaward is made and which is accountable to the recipient for the use of the funds provided.

Supplies. Tangible expendable personal property that is charged directly to the award and that has a useful life of less than one year or an acquisition cost of less than \$5000 per unit.

Suspension. An action by a DoD Component that temporarily withdraws Federal sponsorship under an award, pending corrective action by the recipient or pending a decision to terminate the award by the DoD Component. Suspension of an award is a separate action from suspension of a recipient under 32 CFR part 25.

Termination. The cancellation of an award, in whole or in part, under an agreement at any time prior to either:

(1) The date on which all work under an award is completed; or

(2) The date on which Federal sponsorship ends, as given on the award document or any supplement or amendment thereto.

Third party in-kind contributions. The value of non-cash contributions provided by non-Federal third parties. Third party in-kind contributions may be in the form of real property, equipment, supplies and other expendable property, and the value of goods and services directly benefiting and specifically identifiable to the project or program.

Unobligated balance. The portion of the funds authorized by a DoD Component that has not been obligated by the recipient and is determined by deducting the cumulative obligations from the cumulative funds authorized.

§34.3 Deviations.

- (a) *Individual deviations.* Individual deviations affecting only one award may be approved by DoD Components in accordance with procedures stated in 32 CFR 21.125(a).
- (b) *Small awards.* DoD Components may apply less restrictive requirements than the provisions of this part when awarding small awards, except for those requirements which are statutory.
- (c) Other class deviations. For classes of awards other than small awards, the Director, Defense Research and Engineering, or his or her designee, may grant exceptions from the requirements of this part when exceptions are not prohibited by statute. DoD Components shall request approval for such deviations in accordance with 32 CFR 21.125 (b) and (c).

§34.4 Special award conditions.

- (a) Grants officers may impose additional requirements as needed, over and above those provided in this part, if an applicant or recipient:
 - (1) Has a history of poor performance;
 - (2) Is not financially stable;
- (3) Has a management system that does not meet the standards prescribed in this part;

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- (4) Has not conformed to the terms and conditions of a previous award; or
 - (5) Is not otherwise responsible.
- (b) Before imposing additional requirements, DoD Components shall notify the applicant or recipient in writing as to:
- (1) The nature of the additional requirements:
- (2) The reason why the additional requirements are being imposed;
- (3) The nature of the corrective action needed;
- (4) The time allowed for completing the corrective actions; and
- (5) The method for requesting reconsideration of the additional requirements imposed.
- (c) Any special conditions shall be promptly removed once the conditions that prompted them have been corrected.
 - (d) Grants officers:
- (1) Should coordinate the imposition and removal of special award conditions with the cognizant grants administration office identified in 32 CFR 22 710
- (2) Shall include in the award file the written notification to the recipient, described in paragraph (b) of this section, and the documentation required by 32 CFR 22.410(b).

Subpart B—Post-award Requirements

FINANCIAL AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

§34.10 Purpose of financial and program management.

Sections 34.11 through 34.17 prescribe standards for financial management systems; methods for making payments; and rules for cost sharing and matching, program income, revisions to budgets and program plans, audits, allowable costs, and fee and profit.

§ 34.11 Standards for financial management systems.

(a) Recipients shall be allowed and encouraged to use existing financial management systems established for doing business in the commercial marketplace, to the extent that the systems comply with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the minimum standards in this section. As

a minimum, a recipient's financial management system shall provide:

- (1) Effective control of all funds. Control systems must be adequate to ensure that costs charged to Federal funds and those counted as the recipient's cost share or match are consistent with requirements for cost reasonableness, allowability, and allocability in the applicable cost principles (see §34.17) and in the terms and conditions of the award.
- (2) Accurate, current and complete records that document for each project funded wholly or in part with Federal funds the source and application of the Federal funds and the recipient's required cost share or match. These records shall:
- (i) Contain information about receipts, authorizations, assets, expenditures, program income, and interest.
- (ii) Be adequate to make comparisons of outlays with budgeted amounts for each award (as required for programmatic and financial reporting under §34.41. Where appropriate, financial information should be related to performance and unit cost data. Note that unit cost data are generally not appropriate for awards that support research.
- (3) To the extent that advance payments are authorized under §34.12, procedures that minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds to the recipient from the Government and the recipient's disbursement of the funds for program purposes.
- (4) The recipient shall have a system to support charges to Federal awards for salaries and wages, whether treated as direct or indirect costs. Where employees work on multiple activities or cost objectives, a distribution of their salaries and wages will be supported by personnel activity reports which must:
- (i) Reflect an after the fact distribution of the actual activity of each employee.
- (ii) Account for the total activity for which each employee is compensated.
- (iii) Be prepared at least monthly, and coincide with one or more pay periods.
- (b) Where the Federal Government guarantees or insures the repayment of money borrowed by the recipient, the DoD Component, at its discretion, may